## Chapter II: Internationalisation/ Internationality level in terms of student mobility

## 19. What is the number of students from the institution who participate in outgoing exchange or mobility programmes?

	Total	Relative to the total number of
		students
y. 2010-2011	19	0.11
y. 2011-2012	57	0.4
y. 2012-2013	37	0.26
y. 2013-2014	44	0.3
y. 2014-2015	100	0.8
y. 2015-2016	114	0.8
y. 2016-2017	107	1

## 20. What is the number of incoming international exchange students or participants in mobility programmes?

	Total	Relative to the total number of
		students
y. 2010-2011	22	0.1
y. 2011-2012	4	0.02
y. 2012-2013	21	0.14
y. 2013-2014	2	0.01
y. 2014-2015	3	0.02
y. 2015-2016	21	0.15
y. 2016-2017	49	0.5

## 21. What is the number of international applications for study programmes (incl. doctoral programmes)?

	Total	In relation to the total number of applications
y. 2010-2011	5	0.029
y. 2011-2012	5	0.03
y. 2012-2013	7	0.049
y. 2013-2014	9	0.065
y. 2014-2015	12	0.096
y. 2015-2016	19	0.14
y. 2016-2017	13	0.13

22. What is the number of graduates of foreign nationality (international graduates with a non-Moldovan education)?							
		Total	In relation to the total number of students				
y. 2010-2011		10	0.059				
y. 2011-2012		6	0.039				
y. 2012-2013	0.028						
y. 2013-2014							
y. 2014-2015		6	0.048				
y. 2015-2016		6	0.045				
y. 2016-2017		9	0.091				
23. What is the number of graduates with joint o	r double/multiple degrees?						
	Total	In relation to the total number of students	Specify the partner country				
y. 2010-2011	NA						
y. 2011-2012	2	0.013	France				
y. 2012-2013	NA						
y. 2013-2014	NA						
y. 2014-2015	NA						
у. 2015-2016	1	0.007	Spain, University of Coruna				
y. 2016-2017	NA						
24. What is the number of students with an inter	national internship?						
		Total	Relative to the total number of students				
y. 2010-2011		8	0.047				
y. 2011-2012		13	0.085				
y. 2012-2013		16	0.11				
y. 2013-2014		9	0.065				
y. 2014-2015		52	0.42				
y. 2015-2016		40	0.29				
y. 2016-2017		55	0.55				

			Total		Relative t	to the total r	numbei
			Total			applicants	
2010-			NA			0	
2011-	-2012		NA			0	
2012-	-2013		NA			0	
	-2014		NA			0	
2014-	-2015		NA			0	
2015-	-2016		NA			0	
2016-	-2017		NA			0	
De	students participate in international research p	avoicate and international natworks	.9			YES	•
שע	) students participate in international research p	orojects and international networks	) <b>.</b>			NO	0
		ve, then specify how and what is the	, ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,				
	at policies are in place to encourage and support			al activiti	ies?		
	at policies are in place to encourage and support			al activiti	ies?		
. Wh		t national students to participate in		al activiti	ies?		
. Wha	at policies are in place to encourage and support  University students' mobility guidelines	t national students to participate in		al activiti	ies?		
. Wha	at policies are in place to encourage and support  University students' mobility guidelines  ECTS recognition guidelines	t national students to participate in		al activiti	ies?		
. What a b c d	at policies are in place to encourage and support  University students' mobility guidelines  ECTS recognition guidelines  Other (please specify)  No policy exists	t national students to participate in		al activiti	ies?	4	5
a b c d	at policies are in place to encourage and support  University students' mobility guidelines  ECTS recognition guidelines  Other (please specify)	t national students to participate in	internationa			4	5
a b c d Hov	at policies are in place to encourage and support  University students' mobility guidelines  ECTS recognition guidelines  Other (please specify)  No policy exists  w effective do you consider these policies to be? (	t national students to participate in	internations	2	3		
a b c d Hovective	at policies are in place to encourage and support  University students' mobility guidelines  ECTS recognition guidelines  Other (please specify)  No policy exists  w effective do you consider these policies to be? (see at all)	t national students to participate in	internationa  1	2	3	0	С

31. Are th	ne a) and b) effective? (scale: 1 highly effective to 5 not effective at all)	1	2	3	4	5
a	informative mechanisms	0	0	•	0	0
b	operational plan	0	0	0	•	0
32. Are th	ne students being advised or supported for international mobility applications?				YES	• C
NO						
33. How a (top three	are students being prepared for international academic experiences (including lan e choices)	iguage and	d cultural <sub>l</sub>	preparatio	on)?	
а	Short courses					>
b	Conference opportunities					>
С	Fields schools opportunities					
d	Academic coursework					
e	Workshops and meetings					
f	Internships					>
g	Language courses					>
h	Thematic meetings					>
<b>34.</b> Is the	preparation effective and what is the impact?	1	2	3	4	5
(scale: 1 h	nighly effective and determinative to 5 not effective at all and poorly				-	
determina	ative)	0	0	•	0	0
35. How i	s social guidance and academic counselling for foreign students organised? (top t	wo choices	s)			
1	direct instruction					
2	team teaching					
3	group and individual counselling					>
4	student support team planning					
5	guidance education					>
6	facilitative, co-operative peer interactions					
7	Other to be specified					

36. What recommendations are made to improve the opportunities for students to add an international dimension to their study?						
(top two			•			•
a Participate in students' clubs and associations						
b Visit international and intercultural campus events						
С	Cooperate with acad	lemic comm	unity to be in touch of international opportur	nities		>
d	Visit peer groups and	d programn	es			
е	Integrate in social, c	ultural and	cademic support systems			>
f	Other, to be specifie	d				
•		ing module	s organised by your university regarding	the preparation and organisa	tion of Y	ES O
students'	' mobility?				N	(O
38. What	t is the number of str	ıdents whic	h take part in international university eve	ents abroad?		
			Pur	21.0		
				Total		total number of icants
v. 2010-2	<u> </u>			15		088
y. 2010-2 y. 2011-2				39		.25
y. 2011-2 y. 2012-2				14		.09
v. 2013-2				30		.21
v. 2014-2				15		.12
y. 2015-2				22		.16
y. 2016-2	017			11	0.	.11
30 From	how many different	t gountries	lo the institution's international students (	some and name the ten five?		
37. FIUII		t countries		come and name the top five:		
No.	10	Specify	Turkey, Israel, Iraque, Romania, Ukraine			
1100		z poorty				
40. What	t is the number of stu	idents purs	uing programmes taught in a foreign lang	uage?		
				Total	Relative to the	total number of
						dents
y. 2010-2				68		.4
y. 2011-2				132		.86
y. 2012-2	013			200	1.	.39

. 2013-201	14	262			1.92		
2014-201	15	271			2.19		
2015-201	16	269			1.99		
2016-201	17	275			2.78		
	s the number of international student exchange programmes involving the m	obility of at le	east one pe	erson in th		on?	
. 2010-201					1		
2011-201					1		
2012-201	<u>-</u>				3		
. 2013-201					4		
. 2014-201					<u>4</u> 4		
			y. 2015-2016				
v. 2016-2017							
2. What a	re the programmes available for study abroad/student exchange? Please spe Programme (EU), Erasmus Mundus, UGRAD (USA), AUF, CEEPUS, Inter-	·	ateral agr	eements w		sities in	
2. What a crasmus+ loreign cou	re the programmes available for study abroad/student exchange? Please specific programme (EU), Erasmus Mundus, UGRAD (USA), AUF, CEEPUS, Internitries  s the level of academic success of foreign students/exchange students?	·	ateral agr	eements w		sities in	
2. What a rasmus+ loreign cou	re the programmes available for study abroad/student exchange? Please spe Programme (EU), Erasmus Mundus, UGRAD (USA), AUF, CEEPUS, Inter- untries	university bila	2	3	ith univer	5	
2. What a rasmus+ loreign couds. 3. What is rery high.	Programme (EU), Erasmus Mundus, UGRAD (USA), AUF, CEEPUS, Inter- intries  s the level of academic success of foreign students/exchange students? gh, 5 very low)	university bila	2	3	ith univer	5	
2. What a rasmus+ loreign courseign courseign courseign courseign. 3. What is recovery high a A	Programme (EU), Erasmus Mundus, UGRAD (USA), AUF, CEEPUS, Inter- intries  s the level of academic success of foreign students/exchange students? gh, 5 very low)  actors are determinant in decision making about student mobility?	university bila	2	3	ith univer	5	
2. What a rasmus+ loreign course. 3. What is lovery high a loop A b P	Programme (EU), Erasmus Mundus, UGRAD (USA), AUF, CEEPUS, Inter- intries  s the level of academic success of foreign students/exchange students? gh, 5 very low)  actors are determinant in decision making about student mobility?  Availability of funding and total cost	university bila	2	3	ith univer	5	
2. What a rasmus+ loreign courseign courseign courseign courseign courseign courseign courseign a A b P c H	Programme (EU), Erasmus Mundus, UGRAD (USA), AUF, CEEPUS, Inter- intries  sthe level of academic success of foreign students/exchange students? gh, 5 very low) actors are determinant in decision making about student mobility? Availability of funding and total cost Personal safety and security	university bila	2	3	ith univer	5	
2. What a crasmus+ loreign course is a course a	Programme (EU), Erasmus Mundus, UGRAD (USA), AUF, CEEPUS, Inter- untries  s the level of academic success of foreign students/exchange students? gh, 5 very low)  actors are determinant in decision making about student mobility?  Availability of funding and total cost Personal safety and security Host reputation or perceived quality	university bila	2	3	ith univer	5	
2. What a Crasmus+ loreign course or ign cou	Programme (EU), Erasmus Mundus, UGRAD (USA), AUF, CEEPUS, Inter- entries  sthe level of academic success of foreign students/exchange students? gh, 5 very low)  actors are determinant in decision making about student mobility?  Availability of funding and total cost  Personal safety and security  Host reputation or perceived quality  Destination location	university bila	2	3	ith univer	5	

45. Whic	ch barriers do you consider to be tackled first when speaking about fostering mobility among students? (top three choices)	
		I
a	Insufficient funding	
b	Lack of knowledge of opportunities	
c	Fear of isolation	
d	For some, insufficient language skills (and language training options)	٧
e	Impact on existing friends and relationships	
f	Lack of relevant opportunities	
g	Financial implications of extending studies (e.g. additional debt)	
h	Lack of information about funding opportunities	٧
i	Unawareness of institutional support	
j	Possible negative impact on degree outcome	
k	Issues of credit recognition and transfer, or rigid course structures	٧
1	Loss of potential to earn while abroad	
m	Some barriers – mostly personal – were lower for short periods of mobility	
n	The complexity of application procedures	